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Breaking Health Clouds

Fitbit and other health trackers: obtaining vital evidence for your investigation

Vladimir Katalov, ElcomSoft





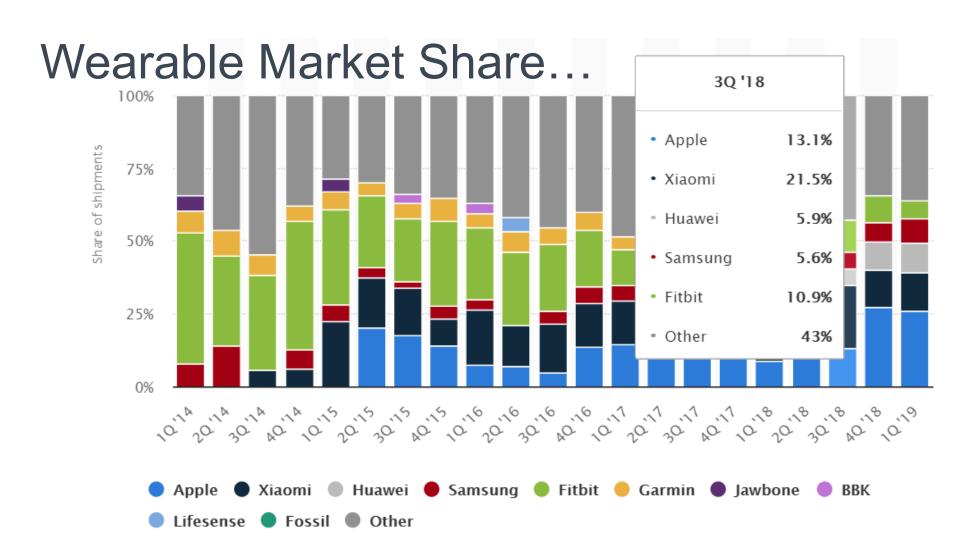


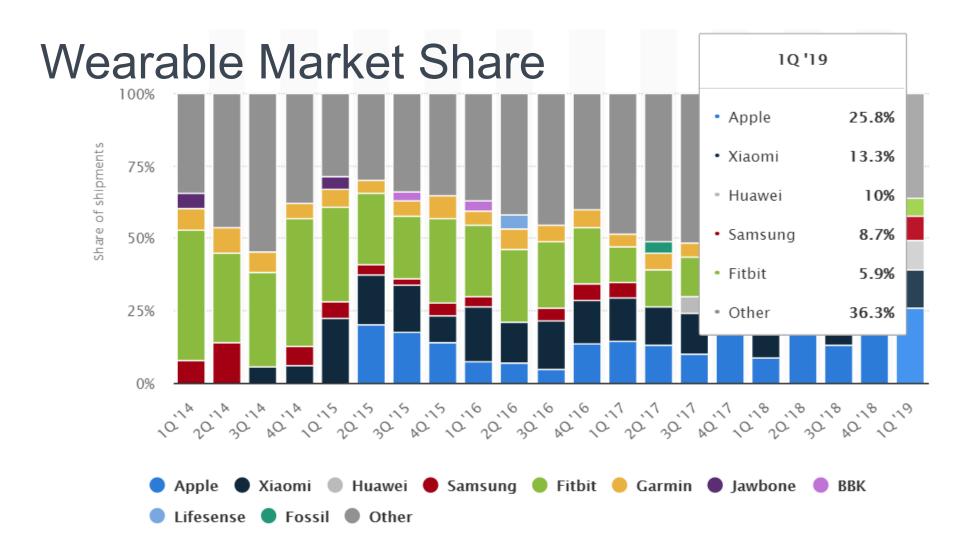
Introduction to Mobile Forensics

How to access the evidence?

- Off the phone extraction
 - Logical acquisition: backups, photos, shared files, some logs
 - Physical (file system) imaging: everything sans deleted files, might be complex or unavailable
- Cloud (over-the-air) acquisition
 - No device required
 - Remote access to a lot of data
 - Sometimes, extracts more data than stored on a single device







Health evidence is stored in the cloud

- Apple and Google cloud platforms
- Single point access to all health data is very tempting
- Some manufacturers sync Health data, and some don't
- Apple requires sharing data with Apple Health to approve manufacturer's HealthKit integration
 - Some manufacturers ignore HealthKit altogether
- Google does not have any requirements
 - Most manufacturers ignore Google Fit



Apple Watch, Google WearOS (ex-Android Wear)

- Apple Watch: iCloud only
 - Exclusively works through Apple HealthKit
 - No integration with Google or Android
- Google WearOS watches (all models)
 - Works on iOS devices, but...
 - No integration with Apple HealthKit (Google's decision)
 - Full integration with Google Fit



Fitness trackers with proprietary cloud services

- Samsung Health: proprietary Samsung Cloud
 - Ignores Apple HealthKit and Google Fit
- Xiaomi, Amazfit: Mi Cloud, proprietary cloud
 - Integration with Apple HealthKit
 - Google Fit: limited (steps only) integration



Fitness trackers with proprietary cloud services

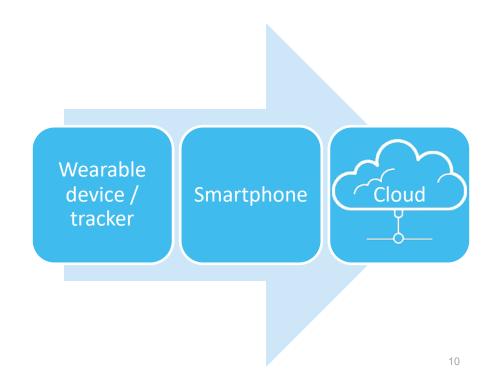
- Garmin: Garmin Connect, proprietary cloud
 - One-way sync > to Apple HealthKit
 - Google Fit: no integration
- Fitbit: proprietary cloud only
 - Ignores Apple HealthKit and Google Fit



Wearables Data Flow

Wearable device > Phone > Cloud

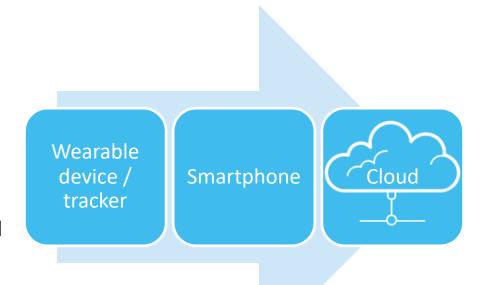
- The wearable device collects information (steps, heart rate, GPS, activity, screen time etc.)
- The data is synchronized with an app on the phone via a low-energy connection (e.g. Bluetooth LE, Wi-Fi and LTE sync available on some models)
- The app (Apple Health, Google Fit, Samsung Health, Mi Fit etc.) processes the data and (optionally) syncs with Apple Health Kit (or Google Fit on Android)
- And then...



Wearables Data Flow

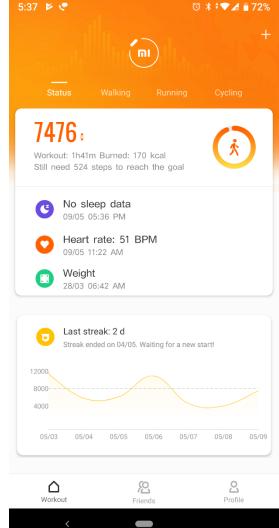
Wearable device > Phone > Cloud

- The data ends up in the cloud
- If the data is synced with Apple HealthKit, the Health app aggregates the data and syncs with iCloud
- If the data is synced with Google Fit, then Google takes care of the sync
- More often than not, manufacturers employ their very own, proprietary cloud service
- Such as Fitbit



Mi Fit

Data	Description
User profile	Information provided by the user such as age,
	height and weight
Device list	List of devices registered for Mi Fit
Running history	Detailed information about running workouts
Band data	Service information from the tracker device
Hearth rate	Raw hearth rate data
Event reminders	Events and reminders
Manual data	Any information the user added manually
Health settings	Settings of the Health app
ETE and THA events	ETE and THA rhythm events
Weight records	Timestamped weighing data



Samsung Health

- As one can expect, Samsung collects lots of finely detailed information
- More than 100 distinct data categories
- As an example, ALP, albumin, amylase, blood pressure, blood glucose, caffeine intake, creatinine, CPK and bilirubin data fields are available for the blood
- Unsurprisingly, Samsung does not sync with Apple HealthKit or Google Fit, which define a much smaller (and less detailed) subset of health data



Fitbit

- Fitbit collects, stores and processes data to estimate a variety of metrics
- The data is stored in Fitbit cloud
 - Step count and distance traveled
 - Calories burned
 - Weight
 - Heart rate
 - Sleep stages and active minutes
 - Location



Where Fitbit stores data

- Fitbit stores data in the proprietary cloud service
- Fitbit offers a Web API to access data:
 https://dev.fitbit.com/build/reference/web-api/
- Web API gives access to all of the following:

Activity

Friends

Body & weight

Heart rate

Devices and alarms

Sleep

Food logging

User profile



Data in Fitbit cloud

- Activity
 - Daily activity summary including:
 - Daily goals for elevation (elevation, floors), steps, calories burned, and distance
 - Activity time series: time series data in the specified range
 - Activity logging: the same data in user's local language
 - Activity types: a tree of all valid Fitbit public activities as well as private custom activities the user created
 - Activity goals: a user's current daily or weekly activity goals
 - Lifetime stats: the user's activity statistics



Data in Fitbit cloud

- Body & Weight
 - Body fat: the list of all user's body fat log entries for a given day
 - Body time series: time series data in the specified range
 - Goals: a user's current body fat percentage or weight goal
 - Weight: a list of all user's body weight log entries for a given day



Data in Fitbit cloud

Devices and alarms

- Data provided through the Fitbit API does not necessarily represent a single tracker
- Data can change frequently, as trackers sync at different intervals and the unified data is recalculated at each sync
- Distance and number of steps are correlated when GPS data is available



Data in Fitbit cloud

- Food logging
 - Public and private food logs
 - Nutrition information
 - Hydration logs
 - Including goals and time series



Data in Fitbit cloud

Friends

- List of user's friends
- Links to friends profiles
- Friends data (e.g. number of steps)
- Invitations
- Invitation responses



Data in Fitbit cloud

Sleep logs

- Detailed information on the user's sleeping sessions
- Sleep and awake minutes, time in bed, minutes to fall asleep
- Summaries: minutes after wakeup, minutes asleep, minutes awake, minutes to fall asleep, start time, time in bed, sleep phase
- Sleep phase ("level"): wake, rem, awake, restless, asleep etc.



Data in Fitbit cloud

- User profile
 - Detailed information on authenticated user
 - Basic information about user's friends
 - No access to other users profiles



Fitbit Acquisition

Will Google acquisition of Fitbit affect the cloud?

- Most definitely, it will
- Fitbit acquisition gives Google access to a trove of data from sleep tracking to heart rates
- "Fitbit and Google Announce Collaboration to Accelerate Innovation in Digital Health and Wearables"
- "Fitbit to leverage Google Cloud to increase operational efficiency, agility and speed to mark
- "Fitbit intends to use Google's new Cloud Healt API to help the company integrate further into t healthcare system"
- Source: Fitbit press release



Fitbit Acquisition

Does Fitbit acquisition affect users and/or forensics?

- No, at least not immediately
- The changes, if any, will occur slowly
- Most probably to new products only
- Most probably not before Q3' 2020 anyway because of development pipeline
- Existing products will be likely grandfathered, keep using existing Fitbit services



What is Apple HealthKit?

- Introduced in Sep 2014 with iOS 8
- Health app pre-installed on all iPhones
- Always active, always collecting information
- Supported by Apple Watch, additional data collected
- Integrates data supplied by third-party fitness trackers
- Fitbit does not support HealthKit



Who integrates with Apple HealthKit

- Apple Watch (all models)
- Many third-party fitness trackers
 - Xiaomi, Amazfit
 - Garmin
 - Withings
 - Huawei (own OS only)



Who integrates with Apple HealthKit

- Dozens of health and tracking apps
 - Workouts++
 - Strava
 - Endomondo
- They have proprietary cloud services, too
- From time to time,
 these cloud services leak data



Who does not integrate with Apple HealthKit

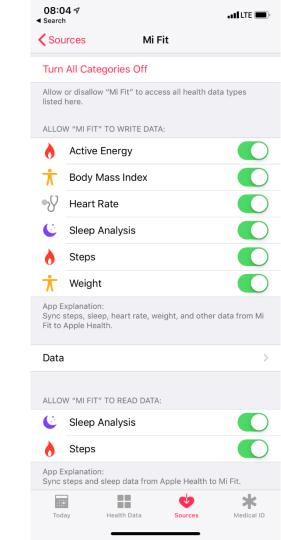
- Samsung
- Google (WearOS watches)
 - Dozens of manufacturers
- Fitbit

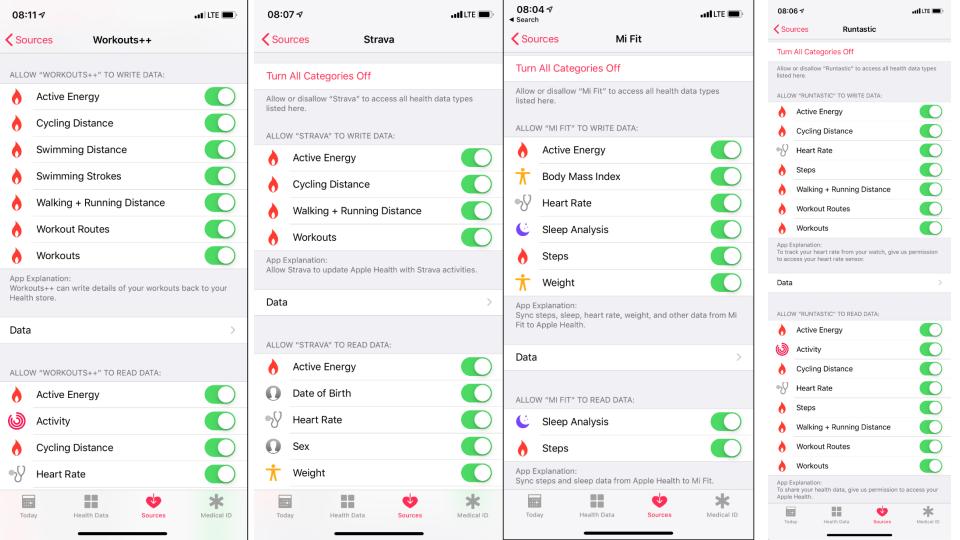


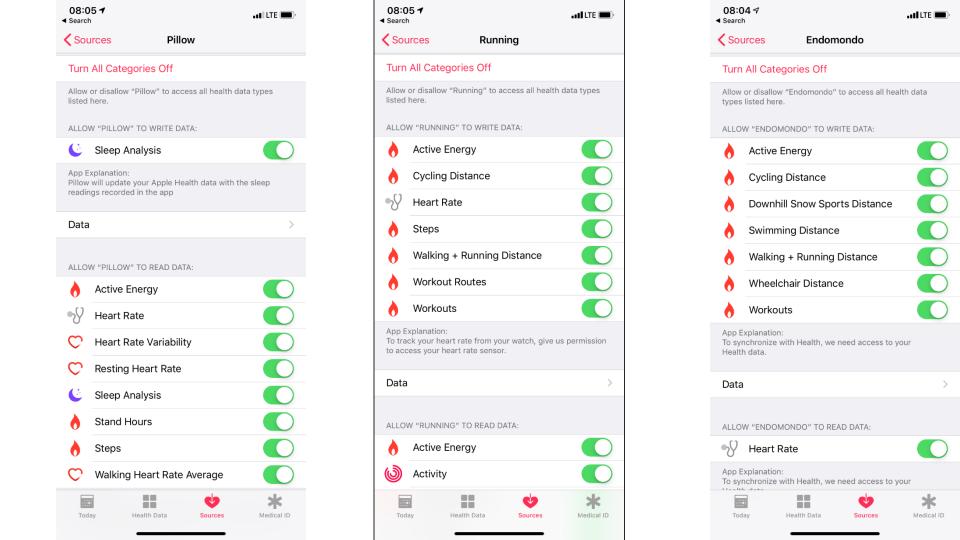
What apps contribute

Apps contribute a lot to Health data

- Steps, detailed heart rate, calories burned
- GPS track, automatic workout detection
- Cycling, swimming, walking, wheelchair distances
- Weight and body mass index
- Sleep analysis
- Active energy
- And a lot more







Apple Health

Apple Health and iCloud

- Apple Health data can be obtained from iCloud
- May contain significantly more information compared to what is available on device
- Technically, Apple Health belongs to "synced data" as opposed to "cloud backups"
 - This results in significantly more reliable extraction
 - Loose expiration rules of iCloud tokens compared to backups
- Unlike iCloud Keychain or Messages, iCloud Health data has no additional protection
 - No need to enter device passcode, no additional encryption

Apple Health

Accessing Health Data in iCloud

Use Elcomsoft Phone Breaker to download **synced data**, which includes Apple Health

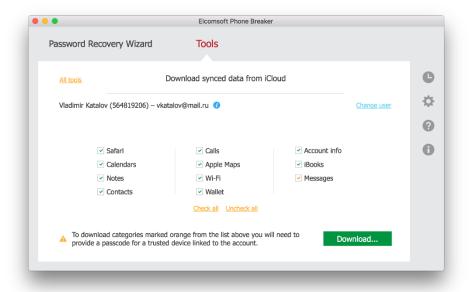
What can go wrong:

- Two-factor authentication may be an issue
- Access to secondary authentication factor is required (unless using authentication token)
- Passcode of one of the trusted devices is needed (iPhone or Mac)



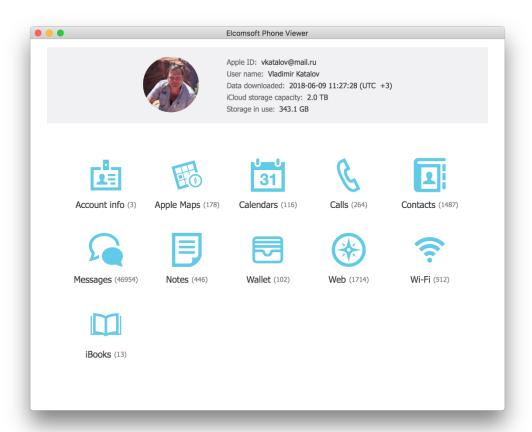
Extracting Synced Data

- Start Elcomsoft Phone Breaker
- Select Tools > Apple > Synced Data
- Authenticate with Apple ID and password + 2FA, or...
- Use authentication token
- Select categories to download



Viewing Health Data

Use Elcomsoft Phone Viewer



Google Fit

Data collected by Google Fit

- Activity: active minutes, activity segments, heart points, sessions (workouts), walking and running, steps, Location
- Body Measurements: height and weight
- Heart: heart rate and blood pressure
- Nutrition: carbohydrates, cholesterol, dietary energy, dietary fiber, protein, saturated fat, sodium, total fat, caffeine, calcium, monounsaturated fat, polyunsaturated fat, potassium, sugar, etc.
- Sleep: sleep data
- Sensors: raw timestamped sensor data



Google Fit

Where Google Fit data is stored

- Google collects Fit data only if the optional Google Fit app is installed from Google Play store
- The app collects and syncs Fit data with Google Drive
- Health data is stored in Google Drive with no additional protection
- Can be exported via Google Takeout, extracted with Elcomsoft Cloud Explorer or requested by LE
- Can be downloaded with updated Elcomsoft Cloud eXplorer (ETA: Q1'2020)



Google Fit vs. Apple Health

The two systems compared

- A third-party fitness tracker or smart watch device supporting both Android and iOS is more likely to share data with Apple Health rather than Google Fit
- Apple Health standardizes data. HealthKit compliant apps cannot supply types of data that are not defined by Apple.
- Google Fit will accept data of any type including unknown. Unknown types of data will not be displayed but will be synced in the cloud.





Google Fit vs. Apple Health

Security of health data in the cloud

Apple Health

- iOS 12 and 13 protect Health data with the user's device passcode
- To extract, need all of the following: Apple ID, password, 2FA code, device screen lock passcode
- Cannot be extracted from the cloud via GDPR requests; not provided to LE

Google Fit

- Stored in the cloud with no additional protection
- Can be easily exported, extracted or requested from Google by LE





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